GDC vote for Direct Access

New era for hygienists and therapists as vote allows patients to see them without dentist prescription

After months of research and consultations, the recommendation for Direct Access was passed on Thursday 28th March, with 20 votes for and 2 abstentions.

As a result of the vote at the GDC, dental nurses will also be allowed to carry out preventive programmes. This means that hygienists and therapists will be permitted to carry out their full scope of practice without prescription and without the patient having to see a dentist first.

Orthodontic therapists should continue to carry out the major- ity of their work under the prescription of a dentist, but can carry out Index of Orthodontic Treatment Need (IOTN) screen- ing without the patient having to see a dentist first.

Clinical dental technicians should continue to see patients direct for the provision and mainte- nance of full dentures only and should otherwise carry out their other work on the prescription of a dentist.

With Evlynne Gilvarry commenting that much has already been done in anticipation of the Direct Access vote being passed, 1st May has been confirmed as the implementation date.

Chair of the GDC Kevin O’Brien said: “This decision has been made with patient safety as an utmost priority. Registrars treating patients direct must only do so if appropriately trained, competent and indemnified. They should also ensure that there are adequate onward referrals arrangements in place and they must make clear to the pa- tient the extent of their scope of practice and not work beyond it.”

The British Association of Dental Nurses (BADN) welcomes this decision to allow patients direct access to dental care professionals. We are particularly pleased that dental nurses with appropriate Oral Health qualifications will now be able to make full use of their skills.

“However, we do draw dental nurses’ attention to the fact that if they are doing so they MUST be trained, competent and indemni- fied for any tasks they under- take. It is a dental nurses’ own responsibility to ensure that s/he is fully indemnified, and BADN strongly suggest that this indemnity includes cover of legal fees in the event of any professional misconduct charge. BADN Full members, whose indemnity cov- er is included in their member- ship, must inform our indemnity providers if they undertake addi- tional tasks. Non-members, par- ticularly those who are covered (or think they are covered) by their employers’ indemnity cov- er (including so-called ‘crown indemnity’), should check that this cover is indeed in place and adequate (for both their own pro- tection and that of their patients) and, if they are in any doubt, con- sider joining BADN, their profes- sional association.

“It is also worthy of note that DCPs are not obliged to offer Di-

FGDP(UK) launch latest radiography guidelines

The Faculty of General Den- tal Practice (UK) will launch the third edition of its semi- nal publication Selection Crite- ria in Dental Radiography this April at the BDA exhibition, ExCel, London. This third edition of the book, the clini- cal standard on the subject, is a rewrite rather than an update, due to new evidence and research find- ings alongside the advent of radiography as an essential part of the General Dental Council’s core CPD topics. Editor Keith Horner said: “Patient and practitioner safety, as well as livelihoods, are dependent upon following recognised standards. The FGDP(UK) takes its standards setting role very seriously. Dental professionals cannot afford to be out of date with the guidance that they follow in this area.”

Good Practice

The British Dental Associa- tion is this year marking the first 200 dental practices achieving Gold Membership of its Good Practice Scheme. Practices attain Gold Mem- bership by maintaining Good Practice Scheme member status for ten consecutive years. The achievement is being recognised through a celebratory publication that includes a profile of all prac- tices with Gold Membership which range from small ru- ral establishments to large inner-city practices.

www.dental-tribune.co.uk
Dentists at risk of psychiatric trauma from needlestick injuries

A new study published in the scientific journal *Occupational Medicine* has found that those who experience needlestick injuries can suffer persistent and substantial psychiatric illness or depression.

Needlestick or ‘sharps’ injuries are a daily risk to nurses, medical and health ancillary workers. The physical health effects of a needlestick injury are well known but this new research has demonstrated the mental health consequences of sharps injuries. The researchers found that those affected suffered psychiatric trauma that is similar in severity to trauma caused by other events such as road traffic accidents. This had a major impact on work attendance, family relationships and sexual health. The duration of the psychiatric symptoms were linked to the length of time the person injured by the sharp had to wait for blood test results.

Although sharps injuries mostly occur in healthcare settings, many other employees are also at risk including prison and police officers,park wardens,street cleaners and refuse collectors, tattoo artists and others who may come across carelessly or maliciously discarded hypodermic needles. A sharp contaminated with infected blood can transmit more than 20 diseases including hepatitis B, C and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). This transmission risk causes worry and stress to the estimated 100,000 people who experience a needlestick accident every year.

Professor Ben Green who undertook the research said: “The psychological aspects of needlestick injuries are often overlooked. The chances of physical damage - infection and so on - are what are focussed on by society, but these risks are in reality very small. The main health implication of a needlestick injury is probably psychiatric injury caused by fear and worry.”

The Society of Occupational Medicine called for a much greater awareness of the psychiatric and physical effects of needle stick injuries. Workers who experience a needle stick injury need fast access to occupational health support, rapid results from blood tests and access to psychological support where appropriate. Occupational health specialists can help employers by undertaking a risk analysis and preventing and minimising exposure.

Dental bib clips harbour oral and skin bacteria

Researchers at Tufts University School of Dental Medicine and the Forsyth Institute have published a study that found that a significant proportion of dental bib clips harboured bacteria from the patient, dental clinician and the environment even after the clips had undergone standard disinfection procedures in a hygiene clinic.

Although the majority of the thousands of bacteria found on the bib clips immediately after treatment were adequately eliminated through the disinfection procedure, the researchers found that 40 per cent of the bib clips tested still had anaerobic Streptococcus bacteria, which do not live or grow in the presence of oxygen.

“The study of bib clips from the hygiene clinic demonstrates that with the current disinfection protocol, specific aerobic and anaerobic bacteria can remain viable on the surfaces of bib clips immediately after disinfection,” said Addy Alt-Holland, M.Sc., Ph.D., Assistant Professor at the Department of Endodontics at Tufts University School of Dental Medicine and the lead researcher on the study. “Although actual transmission to patients was not demonstrated, some of the ubiquitous bacteria found may potentially become opportunistic pathogens in appropriate physical conditions, such as in susceptible patients or clinicians.”

Led by Dr. Bruce Paster, Chair of the Department of Microbiology at the Forsyth Institute, microbiologists at the Forsyth Institute used standard molecular identification techniques and a proprietary, one-of-a-kind technology that can detect 500 of the most prevalent oral bacteria, to analyse the sampled bacteria from the bib clips. The analyses found:

- Immediately after treatment and before the clips had been disinfected, oral bacteria often associated with chronic and refractory periodontitis were found on 65 per cent of the clips.
- After disinfection, three of the bib clips (15 per cent) still had anaerobic Streptococcus bacteria from the oral cavity and upper respiratory tract.
- Additionally, after disinfection, nine clips (45 per cent) retained at least one anaerobic bacterial isolate from skin.

Sharps injuries are a daily risk to health workers

The Society of Occupational Medicine called for a much greater awareness of the psychiatric and physical effects of needle stick injuries. Workers who experience a needle stick injury need fast access to occupational health support, rapid results from blood tests and access to psychological support where appropriate. Occupational health specialists can help employers by undertaking a risk analysis and preventing and minimising exposure.
Researchers from the universities of Granada and Murcia have confirmed the effectiveness of a spray containing one per cent malic acid, which greatly improves xerostomia, or dry mouth, caused by anti-depressant drugs.

As the main author of this study, University of Granada lecturer, Gerardo Gomez Moreno, explains, one of the main causes of dry mouth is the consumption of different medications. “There are over 500 drugs, belonging to 42 pharmacological groups, which can provoke xerostomia as a side effect. Those that are most related are anti-depressants, the prescription of which has increased over recent years, thus leading to a higher number of patients with xerostomy from taking anti-depressive drugs, above all in 45-50 year olds”.

The University of Granada research was carried out in a double-blind randomised clinical trial on 70 patients diagnosed with anti-depressant-induced xerostomy, split into two groups. The first group of 35 patients took a sialogogue mouth spray (one per cent malic acid), while the second group - also consisting of 35 patients - received a placebo. Both products were applied on demand over two weeks. To check the xerostomy both before and after applying both the product and the placebo, the researchers used a specific questionnaire, called the Dry Mouth Questionnaire (DMQ).

Dr. Gomez Moreno points out that there are various therapeutic possibilities for treating xerostomy (sialogogues, salivary substitutes, other general treatments), “although the effectiveness of many of them is controversial. For example, some studies have described citric and malic acid as salivary stimulants, even though, for years, their use was rejected due to the possible de-mineralising effect on tooth enamel”.

The results have been published in the latest edition of the Official American Journal on Depression and Anxiety.

A look at the auspicious who’s who of the management board on the NHS England website includes people from all over the medical and management spectrum... except dentistry! In fact the visibility given to the fact that they are now commissioning dental services is such that it is actually not that easy to find anything about the sector on the site. I hope this is not a sign of things to come...

As a team we are looking forward to the upcoming BDA Conference and Exhibition. I always enjoy this event, it’s great to catch up with colleagues and update on the latest news and views surrounding the profession. I’m really interested to gauge the reaction from BDA members over the new membership structure – I am sure that this will be one of the topics to be discussed by the coffee machines!
**Regular aspirin use cuts mouth cancer risk**

Taking a regular low dose of aspirin could prevent head and neck cancers by almost a quarter, according to new research. The results of the study, published in the British Journal of Cancer, concluded that people were almost a quarter (24 per cent) more likely to avoid developing head and neck cancers if they took aspirin on a weekly and monthly basis. Throat cancers had the most benefit from regular aspirin use.

More than 16,000 people in the UK are affected by head and neck cancers every year. One of those is mouth cancer, a disease on the rise that affects more than 6,000 people and claims more lives than testicular and cervical cancer combined.

Chief Executive of the British Dental Health Foundation, Dr Nigel Carter OBE, stressed the importance of the findings but urged a word of caution.

Dr Carter says: “Mouth cancer cases are increasing, so this piece of research is encouraging. Regular aspirin use has been linked to preventing a number of cancers, and if it is a particularly successful practice for warding off mouth cancer, it should act as a springboard for more research.

“But as much as these results are encouraging, people should not be fooled into thinking that taking aspirin counteracts the dangers of mouth cancer. It won’t change the importance of the findings as supermarkets - smaller shops do not have to change the displays until 2015.

Dr Katie Tryon, head of clinical vitality at PruHealth, said: “The younger generation is who the ban is primarily aimed at so these findings are very encouraging.”

“The key to preventing a future generation of smokers is to try and discourage people from starting in the first place, as the older people get, often the harder it can be to quit.”

**Tobacco display ban helps young people quit**

One in four young people who gave up smoking last year said the ban on displaying tobacco products in large shops helped them quit, a survey has found.

Just over 25 per cent of ex-smokers between the ages of 18 and 24 said that keeping the products hidden had encouraged them to kick the habit.

On April 6 last year supermarkets and other large shops were prohibited from displaying cigarette packs to the public.

The poll of 1,000 former smokers commissioned by health insurance firm PruHealth - also formed the measure had helped 17 per cent of all smokers cut down on the amount they smoke.

Ministers introduced the move across England to help to change attitudes and social norms around smoking and to “protect” young people who are often the target of tobacco promotion.

At present, the display ban only affects large shops such as supermarkets - smaller shops do not have to change the displays until 2015.

**Different times for loading implants don’t determine success rate**

A new study has published by The Cochrane Library, exploring whether there is a difference in success rates between immediately and early loaded implants compared with conventionally loaded implants.

Twenty six trials including a total of 1217 participants and 2120 implants were involved in the study. This review looked at the effects of attaching artificial teeth either the same day that the implant was placed, or early (after only six weeks) compared to the usual delay of at least three months.

Some studies also compared the artificial tooth being attached so that it did not touch the opposite tooth (non-occlusal loading). The review found no evidence that attaching artificial teeth either immediately, after six weeks (early) or after at least three months (conventional) led to any important differences in the failure of the implant or the artificial tooth, the amount of bone which surrounded the implant (any bone loss would be an undesirable consequence).

The authors concluded that more research needs to be done in this area.

**Twenty-five types of bacteria found in biofilm**

A team of researchers led by scientists from the J. Craig Venter Institute (JCVI) has published a study outlining the recovery and genomic analysis, using single-cell genomic techniques, of a periodontal pathogen, Porphyromonas gingivalis, from a hospital sink. This is the first time that a single-cell genome sequencing approach was used to isolate and analyse a single microbe from a biofilm in a healthcare setting. The team, led by JCVI’s Jeffrey McLean published their study in the April 5 edition of the journal Genome Research.

Understanding the community of microbes living in biofilms, especially those in healthcare settings, has been limited partially because pathogens can be in very low numbers and many other bacterial types are not easily cultured. A method for DNA sequencing from single cells developed by JCVI’s Roger Lasken group, is now allowing researchers to sequence the vast numbers of uncultured microbes in the environment. With this approach this team hopes to sequence many hospital pathogens that have been otherwise inaccessible.

In this study the team targeted bacterial cells in a biofilm sampled from a hospital bathroom sink. Using single-cell genomic sequencing combined with a new single-cell genome assembler, SPades, developed by Pavel Pevzner, University of California, San Diego, the team found 25 different types of bacteria within the biofilm. The bacteria represented environmental species, human commensals and human pathogens.

The team then reconstructed a near complete genome of one specific periodontal pathogen, P. gingivalis (designated as JCVI SC001) from a single cell. While this globally important pathogen is well known, only three other P. gingivalis genomes have been sequenced to date, and all of those were cultured from patients. This is the first strain sequenced from a single cell from the environment. The team was able to compare the JCVI SC001 strain to the cultured strains, finding it to vary by 524 unique genes, some potentially altering its virulence. The team believes that the JCVI SC001 strain could potentially contain adaptations relevant to survival outside of the host and to transmission to humans.

The scientists conclude that using single cell sequencing and analysis will open up new avenues of research into environmental samples, including healthcare settings where biofilms are critical in harboring pathogens that contaminate water sources, medical instruments and catheters. This has important implications in better understanding infectious disease especially modes of transmission as well as the spread of antibiotic resistance.
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Do you have what it takes to be a Buddy?

T he British Dental Health Foundation is looking for Buddies to aid its quest to improve oral health in children.

The charity is asking dental care practitioners, oral health promoters and oral health promotion units to take up the challenge and visit local schools in a bid to increase oral health education in the classroom.

Latest figures reveal a third (55 per cent) of 12-year-olds have some kind of cavity while around one in seven (14 per cent) of eight-year-olds have signs of decay in permanent teeth, with one in 100 losing a tooth to decay.

Children who learn good oral health habits early are far more likely to carry them into adulthood – that is why the Foundation has set out to explore the patient-practitioner relationship.

The symbol of the campaign is Buddy, a spaceman character who will set out to explore oral health in partnership with children.

Director of Educational Resources at the Foundation, Amanda Oakley, is asking for dental professionals to become a ‘Buddy’ themselves and take their expertise into the classroom. Amanda said: “Trainers have a lot of pressure to deliver education that meets national targets in literacy, numeracy and areas such as Personal, Health & Social Education, which oral health happens to fall under.”

“By going into schools and nurseries, and sharing their knowledge and experiences, dental professionals and oral health teams can really make a positive difference for many children in the UK, particularly in more deprived areas where inequalities in health are more apparent.”

Resources on the website include lesson plans, activity sheets and presentations, geared specifically towards Early Years, Key Stage One and Key Stage Two children.

Lucky dental winners donate prize to charity

A couple of patients from Queensway Dental Clinic, who won a £2,500 holiday with oral health care brand TePe, have decided to kindly donate their prize to charity.

Susan and James Williamson won the £2,500 prize

Susan and James Williamson from Billingham entered the competition to win a £2,500 holiday when attending their regular appointment at Queensway Dental Clinic, where they have both been patients for more than 50 years. And while most people would be booking the first flight to somewhere hot and sunny, the couple have instead generously decided to donate the prize to a charity.

Susan shared her excitement after discovering they had won the competition: “We were delighted to win the prize and it was quite a shock, but we’re not big travellers so it was lovely to be given the option to donate the prize to a charity. We’ve both been patients at Queensway for decades and my husband uses the TePe brushes, so just to be offered the chance to enter the competition as a ‘Buddy’ from the companies was lovely, but to actually win it was great.”

The Dental Defence Union (DDU) has issued advice to dental professionals to help them avoid complaints about dental fees, a common factor in many of the cases reported by DDU members. In the latest DDU Journal, it warned that such complaints might easily involve patients leaving the practice or, in some cases, lead to bad publicity.

DDU dento-legal adviser, Leo Briggs, said: “Dental fees often feature in complaints reported to us by members. Common reasons include a patient’s assumption that their treatment was being provided under the NHS rather than privately, that the cost of treatment was higher than expected, or anger about being charged for treatment which had not achieved the desired result, in the patient’s view.”

“Many complaints about fees are the result of a breakdown in communication between the dental professional and patient which can be avoided if the treatment plan and charges are agreed in writing before treatment begins. This is part of the consent process but it also helps reduce the chances of a complaint and demonstrates good practice in the event of a GDC investigation.”

Dental cuts proposals deeply flawed, says BDA

P roposals that threaten to set back the cause of improving Northern Ireland’s oral health are deeply flawed and must be reconsidered, the British Dental Association (BDA) has warned.

Responding to the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety’s consultation on the treatment available in General Dental Services, BDA Northern Ireland has warned that the proposals will undermine dentists’ attempts to improve oral health in communities by placing restrictions on treatment.

The proposals would slash the funding available to dental practices, make many treatments – including bridges and some root canal work – subject to bureaucratic prior approval processes that will cause anxiety and uncertainty for patients, and undermine the patient-practitioner relationship.

The BDA has also warned that the proposals could, if implemented, have unforeseen economic consequences for dental practices and businesses that depend on their custom.

Dr Peter Crooks, the Chair of BDA’s Northern Ireland Dental Practice Committee, said: “It’s time for Government to admit that this is a dangerous, deeply-flawed cocktail of change and think again. The proposals threaten oral health, patient care, jobs and the viability of dental practices. They are based on saving money and putting pounds before patients.”

“At a time when we should be doing everything in our power to intensify our efforts to fight the poor oral health that plagues too many of Northern Ireland’s communities, these proposals ask patients to accept a downgrade core service that puts health service bureaucracy before patient care. That is, quite simply, wrong.”

BDA Northern Ireland led a campaign of opposition against the proposals, encouraging dentists and patients to make their views on the consultation known. A BDA-organised petition against the proposals has attracted more than 5000 signatures.
Bridgepoint acquire Oasis Healthcare

Oasis, one of the UK’s largest dental corporates, has been acquired by Bridgepoint in a transaction valuing the business at £185 million.

Founded in 1996, Oasis was de-listed from the Stock Exchange in 2007 by Duke Street who are now selling the business. Under the terms of today’s acquisition, Duke Street will roll over a portion of their proceeds to take a minority stake in the business.

Justin Ash, Oasis Chief Executive, said: “Consumers are becoming more demanding of dentistry, and with growth in the dental market generally, it’s exciting that Oasis is now set up to lead a transformation in the delivery of high quality dental care. With Bridgepoint as our new funding partner, we will be strongly positioned for further profitable expansion. We have a successful track record of acquisitions and new openings, and plan on-going and rapid expansion whilst we continue to support our dental teams to deliver great patient care.”

Jamie Wyatt, a partner at Bridgepoint, said: “Oasis’ financial performance has been impressive throughout the recent economic cycle. It is a robust platform with a commitment to quality and innovation from which to create the only branded dental operator of scale in the UK.”

BDA bids to raise £20K for charity

The British Dental Association (BDA) is encouraging the dental family to bid generously in an auction it is organising to raise money for two leading dental charities. The auction, which will be taking place at the 2013 British Dental Conference and Exhibition, is aiming to raise £20,000 to be split evenly between the BDA Benevolent Fund and the Bridge2Aid charities.

An array of prizes, including a Champagne City experience trip for two excellent charities auction and help us raise money for two excellent charities that are close to the heart of the dental family.

“F’d also like to like to place on record my thanks to the organisations who have donated some outstanding prizes for the auction.”

On course for occlusion success

Courses organised by the British Society of Occlusal Studies (BSOS) offer delegates the opportunity to attain a better understanding of occlusion for easier, more rewarding and more enjoyable dental practice.

Despite the critical importance of occlusion, dental schools cannot include comprehensive training in this subject in an already crowded curriculum. Recognising this shortfall, the BSOS has designed three complementary stages of learning to help dentists and dental technicians reap the greatest rewards from occlusion education:

1. Attending the introductory roadshow, Occlusion in Everyday Practice
2. The three-day Occlusion in Everyday Dentistry event
3. Completion of the follow-up hands-on course, Hands-on Occlusion Practical.

Successfully undertaking all three components is also a prerequisite to becoming a full member of the BSOS, since it is the only route available in the UK that allows you to meet criteria such as training in equilibration.

To find out more about the work of the BSOS, how membership of the Society can help you in practice or to book onto future courses, please visit www.bsos.org.uk or email info@bsos.org.uk.